

INDICATOR	GLASGOW	GOTHENBURG
Population	592,820 (2010). Mid-year population estimates from National Records of Scotland (NRS, formerly the General Register Office for Scotland)	513,751, (December 31, 2010). Gothenburg City Statistics
<b>HEALTH</b>		
Life Expectancy	71 for men and 77 for women at birth (2005-09). Calculated by GCPH from NRS population estimates and death registrations, Using Chiang II Methodology. NRS - National Records of Scotland, formerly the General Register Office for Scotland	78 for men and 83 for women at birth (2005-09). Gothenburg City Statistics
Differences in male life expectancy	10 year gap in male life expectancy across Glasgow wards - Calton 63.1 years vs Lagside 74 years. Same method of calculation and data source as above (2001-2005).	Equivalent Gothenburg areas (2002 -2006)
Poor Mental Health	18.8% with poor mental health. Based on the GHQ-12, which consists of 12 questions about general mental health over the previous few weeks. Each question is scored as a 4-point scale. A score of 4 or more is considered indicative of poor general mental health. Adults 16-84, Greater Glasgow and Clyde, Scottish Health Survey (2008).	20.1%
<b>LIFESTYLE</b>		
Fruit and Vegetables	19.5%. Eating 5 or more portions of fruit or vegetables a day. Adults 16-84, Greater Glasgow and Clyde, Scottish Health Survey (2008)	10.1%
Excess Alcohol Consumption	30.3% Men; 20.4%, Women. Percentage of men/women (aged 16-84 years) whose weekly alcohol consumption (in previous 12 months) was above recommended levels [>21 units for Males, >15 units for Females]. Greater Glasgow and Clyde, Scottish Health Survey (2008).	22.5% Men; 13.1%, Women. (2008)
Physical Activity	41%. Percentage of adults exercising in line with guidance ie. 30 mins or more of moderate or vigorous physical activity on at least 5 days a week. Adults 16-74, Greater Glasgow and Clyde region, Scottish Health Survey (2008)	53.1%. HEALTH ON EQUAL TERMS? - survey 2007+ 2008, How many hours in a normal week do you do moderately strenuous activities that make you hot? 1 5 hours a week or more 2 More than 3 hours but less than 5 hours a week 3 Between 1 and 3 hours a week 4 At most one hour a week 5 Not at all
Obesity	26%. Based on actual measurement of height and weight. Adults (aged 16-84 years) with BMI >=30. Greater Glasgow and Clyde region, Scottish Health Survey (2008).	14.2%. BMI calculated and corrected for underestimation, BMI>30. HEALTH ON EQUAL TERMS? - survey 2007+ 2008, How tall are you? How much do you weigh?
<b>FAMILY</b>		
Lone Parents	7.1 lone parents per 100 adults, aged 16-64, Glasgow. National Records for Scotland, Household projections and population estimates. (2008)	6 lone parents per 100 adults (2008).
Teenagers - Smoking	11%. Percentage of 15 year olds who are regular smokers, Glasgow. Scottish Schools Adolescent Lifestyle and Substance Use Survey (SALSUS), (2010).	11% (2010)
- Drugs	12%. Percentage of 15 year olds had taken drugs in last month, Glasgow. SALSUS (2010).	4% (2010)
- Drunk alcohol	74%. Percentage of 15 year olds had drunk alcohol at all, Glasgow. SALSUS (2010).	58% (2010)
<b>Pregnancy and Abortion</b>		
Teenage Pregnancies	6.3 per 100. Teenage pregnancies among women under 20 years of age per 100 population (15-19 year old girls), Glasgow. ISD Scotland (2008)	0.5 (2009)
Abortions	1.46 per 100. Abortions per 100 population (women aged 15 -44 years), Glasgow. ISD Scotland (2009). NB Doctors have a legal requirement to notify the Chief Medical Officer in Scotland of all terminations carried out in Scotland.	2.2
<b>TRANSPORT/ENVIRONMENT</b>		
Pollution - SO2	22 Kg per person per year. Derived from overall figure of 127 tons, Glasgow City Council (2008)	287 Kg per person per year. (2008)
- CO2	680,000 Kg per person per year. Glasgow City Council (2008)	587,099 Kg per person per year. (2008)
- NO2	972 Kg per person per year. Derived from overall figure of 127 tons, Glasgow City Council (2008)	2020 Kg per person per year. (2008)
Cars	35 cars per 100 people. Includes company cars. Scottish Transport Statistics No 29 (2009).	34 cars per 100 people. Includes company cars. (2009).
Active travel to work	51%. Percentage of people who use walking, cycling or public transport as their main mode of transport to their workplace. Glasgow, Scottish Household Survey (2008). Split:- 33% public transport, 3% cycling, 15% walking	53%. Percentage of people who use walking, cycling or public transport as their main mode of transport to their workplace. (2010). Split:- 30% public transport, 15% cycling, 8% walking
<b>CULTURE</b>		
Education - no qualifications	31% Adults aged 25-64 years, Glasgow, Scottish Household Survey, 2003-04	15% (2004) Primary or secondary school only
- degree level qualifications	31% Adults aged 25-64 years, Glasgow, Scottish Household Survey, 2003-04	28% (2004). University degree or similar
Voting in EU elections	24%. Adults (aged 18 years and over). BBC web site (2009).	49%, Adults (aged 18 years and over), 2009
Attendance at Theatre/Cinema	61%. Glasgow, Scottish Household Survey (2007/08), adults aged 16-79 years. "Have you taken part in any of the following activities during the past 12 months:"	59%
Born outside UK/Nordic countries	12% (72,000) Not UK born - Source: National Records of Scotland derived from Annual Population Survey (2009).	Born outside Nordic countries, Gothenburg City Statistics