



Application for native language classes

Information on native language classes

If your child speaks a language other than Swedish at home, they may have the right to attend native language classes. This is for children in grade 1 and up.

Children belonging to one of the national minorities have the right to attend native language classes as early as in preschool.

Your child may have the right to attend native language classes at school if:

- one or both guardians have a language other than Swedish as their native language
- you speak the language in question at home every day
- your child has basic skills in speaking that language
- at least 5 other students belonging to the Gothenburg primary school administration have requested language training in that particular language
- there is a suitable teacher available

These also apply to sign languages.

If your child is adopted and has a native language other than Swedish, they have the right to attend native language classes. The only requirement is that the child has basic skills in speaking that language even if the language is not spoken at home every day.

What do basic skills mean?

Basic skills in speaking a native language means that the student must be able to actively participate in the lessons and understand simple texts. They should be able to understand verbal instructions and participate in conversations on simple topics. The requirements for basic skills increase with the student's age.

Native language education in national minority languages

Students belonging to one of the national minorities (Jews, Swedish Finns, Tornedalians, Sami and Roma) have the right to attend native language classes even if they do not speak the language at home every day. Students do not need to have basic skills in these languages. Only one student requesting to study their national minority language is enough for the Gothenburg primary school administration to provide native language classes in that language. The classes are provided if we are able to find a suitable teacher for that role.

Native language classes in national minority languages are offered from preschool and up.

A Roma student that has moved to Sweden may attend native language classes in two languages under special circumstances.

The principal decides whether your child is entitled to native language classes

It is the principal of your child's school who decides whether your child has the right to attend native language classes. To support their decision, the school may need to test the student's native language skills.

National minorities always have the right to native language classes, but schools may still need to determine a student's language proficiency in their native language.

The school will contact you when a decision has been made.

If you have any questions

Please contact your child's school if you have questions about native language classes or if you need help filling out the application form.

Application form

Send or hand in the application to your child's school.

Name of the child	Personal identity number	
Street address (child's registered address)		
Postal code	City	
School	Class	
Name of the guardian / trustee	Personal identity number	Phone
Email address		
Name of the guardian	Personal identity number	Phone
Email address		
Requesting native language classes in a national minority language (Finnish, Yiddish, Meänkieli, Romani Chib, Sami) Specify the language (variety): _____ Is the child a beginner in this language? Yes No		
Requesting native language classes in another language Specify the language: _____ Does your child have basic skills in speaking that language? Yes No Does any guardian have this language as their native language? Yes No The child is adopted Do you speak this language at home with your child every day? Yes No The child is adopted		

Signature of guardian / trustee for the application for their child's native language classes.

Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Signature
Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Signature

Fylls i av skolan

Beslut om undervisning i modersmål

En elev som har en vårdnadshavare med ett annat modersmål än svenska ska erbjudas modersmålsundervisning i detta språk om

1. språket är elevens dagliga umgängesspråk i hemmet, och
2. eleven har grundläggande kunskaper i språket.

En elev som tillhör någon av de nationella minoriteterna ska erbjudas modersmålsundervisning i elevens nationella minoritetsspråk.

Regeringen eller den myndighet som regeringen bestämmer får meddela föreskrifter om modersmålsundervisning. Sådana föreskrifter får innebära att modersmålsundervisning ska erbjudas i ett språk bara om ett visst antal elever önskar sådan undervisning i det språket (10 kap. 7 § respektive 11 kap. 10 § skollagen [2010:800]).

Eleven har rätt till modersmålsundervisning enligt skollag och skolförordning.

Eleven har INTE rätt till modersmålsundervisning enligt skollag och skolförordning.

Skäl för bedömningen att eleven inte har rätt till modersmålsundervisning.
Motivera.

Beslutsfattare är rektor enligt 5 kap. 7 § skolförordningen. Enligt Grundskolenämndens delegationsordning 4.6.8 kan rektor överlåta beslutanderätten om modersmålsundervisning till annan. Beslutet ska ej meddelas till nämnden.

Underskrift beslutsfattare

Datum (åååå-mm-dd)	Underskrift
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